```
RESULT 3
UŞ-10-121-857-53
; Sequence 53, Application US/10121857
 Patent No. 6822141
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
  APPLICANT: Lardizabal, Kathryn D
  APPLICANT: Hawkins, Deborah J
  APPLICANT: Thompson, Gregory A
  TITLE OF INVENTION: Diacylglycerol Acyltransferase Proteins
  FILE REFERENCE: 16515.143
  CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/121,857
  CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-04-15
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/345,461
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-06-30
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/091,631
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-07-02
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/130,829
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-04-23
  NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 84
  SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
 SEQ ID NO 53
   LENGTH: 489
   TYPE: DNA
   ORGANISM: Human
   FEATURE:
   NAME/KEY: unsure
   LOCATION: (1)..(489)
   OTHER INFORMATION: unsure at all n locations
US-10-121-857-53
                      29.8%;
 Query Match
                             Score 422.8; DB 3;
 Best Local Similarity
                      89.6%;
                             Pred. No. 1.2e-94;
 Matches 438; Conservative
                               Mismatches
                                              Indels
                                                          Gaps
Qy
        703 CCCAGCCCCAGC-TCGGGCAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGTGCGCACGAGGCCCTG 761
            1 CCCAGCCCCAGCTTCGGGCAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGTGCGCACGAGGCCCTG 60
Db
        762 TATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAGCACTGCCTTACGCTCCAGAAGCGCAAAGGCTTCGTGCGCCTG 821
Qy
            Db
         61 TATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAGCACTGCCTTACGCTCCAGAAGCGCAAAGGCTTCGTGCGCCTG 120
        822 GCGCTGAGGCACGGGGCGTCCCTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAATGACATCTTT 881
Qу
            Db
        121 GCGCTGAGGCACGGGGCGTNCNTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAATGACATCTTT 180
        882 AGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCCACAGGCTCCTGGCAGCATTGGTGCCAGCTCACCTTCAAGAAG 941
Qу
            181 AGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCCACAGGNNCCTGGCAGNATTGGTGCCAGCTCACCTTCAAGAAG 240
Db
        942 CTCATGGGCTTCTCCTTGCATCTTCTGGGGTCGCGGTCTCTTCTCAGCCACCTCCTGG 1001
Qν
            Db
        241 CTCATGGGCTTNTCNCCTTGCATNTTCTGGGGTNGCGGTNTCTTCTCAGCCACNTCNTGG 300
       1002 GGCCTGCTGCCCTTTGCTGTGCCCATCACCACTGTGGTGGGCCGCCCCATCCCCGTCCCC 1061
Qу
                    Db
        301 GGCCTGCTGNNCTTTGCTGTGCCCATCACNACTGTGGTGGNNNGNACNATNNCCNTNAAN 360
       1062 CAGCGCCTCCACCCCACCGAGGAGGAAGTCAATCACTATCACGCCCTCTACATGACGGCC 1121
Qу
               361 CAGAACCNCCACCCNACCGAGGAGAAATNAATNACTATNACGNNNTCTACATGACGGNC 420
Db
       1122 CTGGAGCAGCTCTTCGAGGAGCACAAGGAAAGCTGTGGGGTCCCCGCTTCCACCTGCCTC 1181
```

```
RESULT 1
US-10-121-757B-1
 Sequence 1, Application US/10121757B
 Patent No. 6835556
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
  APPLICANT: Attersand, Anneli
  TITLE OF INVENTION: Protein Cluster V
  FILE REFERENCE: 10806-164
  CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/121,757B
  CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-04-12
  NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20
  SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
 SEQ ID NO 1
   LENGTH: 593
   TYPE: DNA
   ORGANISM: human
   FEATURE:
   NAME/KEY: CDS
   LOCATION: (3)..(593)
   OTHER INFORMATION:
US-10-121-757B-1
 Query Match
                    36.4%;
                          $core 516.8;
                                    DB 3;
                                          Length 593;
 Best Local Similarity
                    99.6%;
                          Pred. No. 9e-118;
            Conservative
                         0;
                            Mismatches
                                          Indels
                                                     Gaps
                                                           0;
       453 AAGCTGGTGAAAACAGCAGAGCTGCCCCCGGATCGGAACTACGTGCTGGGCGCCCACCCT 512
Qу
           66 AAGCTGGTGAAAACAGCAGAGCTGCCCCCGGATCGGAACTACGTGCTGGGCGCCCACCCT 125
Db
       513 CATGGGATCATGTGTACAGGCTTCCTCTGTAATTTCTCCACCGAGAGCAATGGCTTCTCC 572
Qу
           Db
       126 CATGGGATCATGTGTACAGGCTTCCTCTGTAATTTCTCCACCGAGAGCCATGGCTTCTCC 185
       573 CAGCTCTTCCCGGGGCTCCGGCCCTGGTTAGCCGTGCTGGCCTGGCCTCTTCTACCTCCCG 632
Qу
          Db
       633 GTCTATCGCGACTACATCATGTCCTTTGGACTCTGTCCGGTGAGCCGCCAGAGCCTGGAC 692
Qу
           246 GTCTATCGCGACTACATCATGTCCTTTGGACTCTGTCCGGTGAGCCGCCAGAGCCTGGAC 305
Db
       693 TTCATCCTGTCCCAGCCCCAGCTCGGGCAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGTGCGCAC 752
Qy
          Db
       306 TTCATCCTGTCCCAGCCCCAGCTCGGGCAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGTGCGCAC 365
       753 GAGGCCCTGTATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAGCACTGCCTTACGCTCCAGAAGCGCAAAGGCTTC 812
Qу
          Db
       366 GAGGCCCTGTATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAGCACTGCCTTACGCTCCAGAAGCGCAAAGGCTTC 425
Qу
       813 GTGCGCCTGGCGCTGAGGCACGGGGCGTCCCTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAAT 872
           Db
       426 GTGCGCCTGGCGCTGAGGCACGGGGCGTCCCTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAAT 485
       873 GACATCTTTAGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCCACAGGCTCCTGGCAGCATTGGTGCCAGCTCACC 932
Qу
          Db
       486 GACATCTTTAGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCCACAGGCTCCTGGCAGCATTGGTGCCAGCTCACC 545
       933 TTCAAGAAGCTCATGGGCTTCTCTCTTGCATCTTCTGGG 972
Qу
          Db
       546 TTCAAGAAGCTCATGGGCTTCTCTCCTTGCATCTTCTGGG 585
```

```
RESULT 3
∆US-10-324-618-7
 Sequence 7, Application US/10324618
; Publication No. US20030170691A1
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
  APPLICANT: Gimeno, Ruth
  APPLICANT: Wu, Zhidan
  APPLICANT: Kapeller-Libermann, Rosana
  APPLICANT: Hubbard, Brian K.
  TITLE OF INVENTION: HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE 2
  TITLE OF INVENTION: (DGAT2) FAMILY MEMBERS AND USES THEREFOR
  FILE REFERENCE: MPI01-263P2RM
  CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/324,618
  CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-19
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/341,947 ✓
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-12-19 (2001-12-19
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/411,859
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-09-19
  NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 65
  SOFTWARE: FastSEQ for Windows Version 4.0
 SEQ ID NO 7
   LENGTH: 1263
   TYPE: DNA
   ORGANISM: human
   FEATURE:
   NAME/KEY: CDS
   LOCATION: (171)...(1196)
US-10-324-618-7
 Query Match
                     86.7%; Score 1230.6; DB 7; Length 1263;
 Best Local Similarity
                    98.2%; Pred. No. 0;
 Matches 1238; Conservative
                        14; Mismatches
                                         8;
                                            Indels
          1 CACTCACACCTACGGA-CACACGCTACTCTGGGAGGTGATTTGCGACTTAGCCAGGCC 59
Qу
           3 CACTCACACACCTMMSKAWMRSRMGYYRMYCCACGCGTCCGTTTGCGACTTAGCCAGGCC 62
Db
         60 CCCAAAGCTGGGCTCCTGTAGGGAGAAGTCTGCCCAGGTCCACATCCAAGCCTTCATCG 119
           63 CCCAAAGCTGGGCTCCTGTAGGGAGAAAGTCTGCCCAGGTCCACATCCAAGCCTTCATCG 122
        120 TTTGTCCTCCGGGTTCTGGGATCCTGCTGGAAGAGGGGAGCTTCTGCAATGGGAGTTGCC 179
Qу
           Db
        123 TTTGTCCTCCGGGTTCTGGGATCCTGCTGGAAGAGGGGAGCTTCTGCAATGGGAGTTGCC 182
        180 ACAACCCTGCAGCCCCCAACCACTTCCAAAACCTTGCAGAAGCAGCATCTAGAAGCAGTG 239
Qν
           183 ACAACCCTGCAGCCCCCAACCACTTCCAAAACCTTGCAGAAGCAGCATCTAGAAGCAGTG 242
Db
        240 GGCGCCTACCAATATGTGCTCACTTTCCTCTTCATGGGCCCTTTCTTCTCCCTTCTTGTC 299
Qу
           243 GGCGCCTACCAATATGTGCTCACTTTCCTCTTCATGGGCCCTTTCTTCTCCCTTCTTGTC 302
        300 TTTGTCCTCCTCTCACGTCACTCTGGCCCTTCTCTGTTTTTTACTTGGTGTGGCTCTAT 359
Qу
           Db
        303 TTTGTCCTCCTCTTCACGTCACTCTGGCCCTTCTCTGTTTTTTACTTGGTGTGGCTCTAT 362
        360 GTGGACTGGGACACCCAACCAAGGTGGAAGGCGTTCGGAGTGGATAAGGAACCGGGCA 419
           Db
        363 GTGGACTGGGACACCCAACCAAGGTGGAAGGCGTTCGGAGTGGATAAGGAACCGGGCA 422
        420 ATTTGGAGACAACTAAGGGATTATTATCCTGTCAAGCTGGTGAAAACAGCAGAGCTGCCC 479
```

_			
Db	423	${\tt ATTTGGAGACAACTAAGGGATTATTATCCTGTCAAGCTGGTGAAAACAGCAGAGCTGCCC}$	482
) _{QY}	480	$\tt CCGGATCGGAACTACGTGCTGGGCGCCCACCCTCATGGGATCATGTGTACAGGCTTCCTC$	539
Db	483		542
Qy	540	TGTAATTTCTCCACCGAGAGCAATGGCTTCTCCCAGCTCTTCCCGGGGCTCCGGCCCTGG	599
Db	543	TGTAATTTCTCCACCGAGAGCAATGGCTTCTCCCAGCTCTTCCCGGGGCTCCGGCCCTGG	602
Qу	600	TTAGCCGTGCTGGCCTCTTCTACCTCCCGGTCTATCGCGACTACATCATGTCCTTT	659
Db	603	TTAGCCGTGCTGGCCTCTTCTACCTCCCGGTCTATCGCGACTACATCATGTCCTTT	662
Qy	660	GGACTCTGTCCGGTGAGCCCAGAGCCTGGACTTCATCCTGTCCCAGCCCCAGCTCGGG	719
Db	663	GGACTCTGTCCGGTGAGCCGCCAGAGCCTGGACTTCATCCTGTCCCAGCCCCAGCTCGGG	722
Qу	720	CAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGTGCGCACGAGGCCCTGTATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAG	779
Db	723	CAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGTGCGCACGAGGCCCTGTATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAG	782
Qy	780	CACTGCCTTACGCTCCAGAAGCGCAAAGGCTTCGTGCGCCTGGCGCTGAGGCACGGGGCG	839
Db	783		842
Qу	840	TCCCTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAATGACATCTTTAGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCC	899
Db	843	TCCCTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAATGACATCTTTAGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCC	902
Qу	900	ACAGGCTCCTGGCAGCATTGGTGCCAGCTCACCTTCAAGAAGCTCATGGGCTTCTCCCT	959
Db	903	ACAGGCTCCTGGCAGCATTGGTGCCAGCTCACCTTCAAGAAGCTCATGGGCTTCTCCCT	962
Qу	960	TGCATCTTCTGGGGTCGCGGTCTCTTCTCAGCCACCTCCTGGGGCCTGCTGCCCTTTGCT	1019
Db	963	TGCATCTTCTGGGGTCGCGGTCTCTTCTCAGCCACCTCCTGGGGCCTGCTCCTTTGCT	1022
Qу	1020	GTGCCCATCACCACTGTGGTGGGCCGCCCCATCCCCGTCCCCCAGCGCCTCCACCCCACC	1079
Db	1023		1082
Qу	1080	GAGGAGGAAGTCAATCACTATCACGCCCTCTACATGACGGCCCTGGAGCAGCTCTTCGAG	1139
Db	1083	GAGGAGGAAGTCAATCACTATCACGCCCTCTACATGACGGCCCTGGAGCAGCTCTTCGAG	1142
Qу	1140	GAGCACAAGGAAAGCTGTGGGGTCCCCGCTTCCACCTGCCTCACCTTCATCTAGGCCTGG	1199
Db	1143		1202
Qу	1200	CCGCGGCCTTTCGCTGAGCCCCTGAGCCCAAGGCACTGAGACCTCCACCCAC	1259
Db	1203	CCGCGGCCTTTCGCTGAGCCCCTGAGCCCAAGGCACTGAGACCTCCACCCAC	1262
Qy	1260	C 1260	
Db	1263	C 1263	

```
RESULT 1
US-10-324-618-8
; Sequence 8, Application US/10324618
 Publication No._US20030170691A1
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
  APPLICANT: Gimeno, Ruth
            Wu, Zhidan
  APPLICANT:
  APPLICANT: Kapeller-Libermann, Rosana
  APPLICANT: Hubbard, Brian K.
  TITLE OF INVENTION: HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE 2
  TITLE OF INVENTION: (DGAT2) FAMILY MEMBERS AND USES THEREFOR
  FILE REFERENCE: MPI01-263P2RM
  CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/324,618
  CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-19
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/341,947 -
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-12-19 (2001-12-19
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/411,859
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-09-19
  NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 65
  SOFTWARE: FastSEQ for Windows Version 4.0
 SEQ ID NO 8
   LENGTH: 341
   TYPE: PRT
   ORGANISM: human
US-10-324-618-8
                      100.0%;
 Query Match
                             Score 1849; DB 4; Length 341;
 Best Local Similarity
                     100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-183;
 Matches 341; Conservative
                           0; Mismatches
                                          0;
                                              Indels
                                                                0;
          1 MGVATTLQPPTTSKTLQKQHLEAVGAYQYVLTFLFMGPFFSLLVFVLLFTSLWPFSVFYL 60
            1 MGVATTLQPPTTSKTLQKQHLEAVGAYQYVLTFLFMGPFFSLLVFVLLFTSLWPFSVFYL 60
Db
         61 VWLYVDWDTPNQGGRRSEWIRNRAIWRQLRDYYPVKLVKTAELPPDRNYVLGAHPHGIMC 120
Qy
            Db
         61 VWLYVDWDTPNQGGRRSEWIRNRAIWRQLRDYYPVKLVKTAELPPDRNYVLGAHPHGIMC 120
Qу
        121 TGFLCNFSTESNGFSQLFPGLRPWLAVLAGLFYLPVYRDYIMSFGLCPVSRQSLDFILSQ 180
            121 TGFLCNFSTESNGFSQLFPGLRPWLAVLAGLFYLPVYRDYIMSFGLCPVSRQSLDFILSQ 180
Db
        181 PQLGQAVVIMVGGAHEALYSVPGEHCLTLQKRKGFVRLALRHGASLVPVYSFGENDIFRL 240
Qу
           Db
        181 PQLGQAVVIMVGGAHEALYSVPGEHCLTLQKRKGFVRLALRHGASLVPVYSFGENDIFRL 240
        241 KAFATGSWQHWCQLTFKKLMGFSPCIFWGRGLFSATSWGLLPFAVPITTVVGRPIPVPQR 300
Qу
            241 KAFATGSWQHWCQLTFKKLMGFSPCIFWGRGLFSATSWGLLPFAVPITTVVGRPIPVPQR 300
Db
        301 LHPTEEEVNHYHALYMTALEQLFEEHKESCGVPASTCLTFI 341
Oν
           Db
        301 LHPTEEEVNHYHALYMTALEQLFEEHKESCGVPASTCLTFI 341
```

```
RESULT 1
AAE37787
     AAE37787 standard; protein; 341 AA.
XX
AC
     AAE37787;
XX
     06-NOV-2003 (first entry)
DT
XX
DĖ
     Human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2), 60489.
XX
KW
     Human; diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2; DGAT2; obesity; arrhythmia;
KW
     coronary artery disease; hypertension; heart failure; tissue typing;
     aberrant lipogenesis; cardiovascular disorder; atherosclerosis; angina;
KW
KW
     atrial fibrillation; dilated cardiomyopathy; idiopathic cardiomyopathy;
KW
     diabetes; chromosome mapping; forensic biology; enzyme.
XX
os
     Homo sapiens.
                          (same as US 20030170691A1)
(vsed in ait rejection)
XX
PN
     WO2003053363-A2.
XX
PD
     03-JUL-2003.
XX
PF
     19-DEC-2002; 2002WO-US040974.
XX
     19-DEC-2001; 2001US-0341947P.
PR
PR
     19-SEP-2002; 2002US-0411859P.
XX
PA
     (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
XX
PΙ
     Gimeno RE,
                 Wu Z,
                       Kapeller-Libermann R, Hubbard BK;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-559092/52.
DR
     N-PSDB; AAD56887.
XX
PT
     New human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2) family member
PΤ
     polypeptide and nucleic acid molecules, useful for diagnosing and
PT
     treating obesity, diabetes, atherosclerosis, aberrant lipogenesis or
PT
     triglyceride synthesis.
XX
     Claim 6; Page 126-127; 154pp; English.
PS
XX
CC
     The invention relates to human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2)
CC
     family members and their uses. DGAT2 family member sequences or their
CC
     modulators are useful for diagnosing and treating a subject with a
CC
     disorder associated with the aberrant DGAT family member polypeptide
CC
     activity or nucleic acid expression, such as a disorder associated with
CC
     obesity, diabetes, aberrant lipogenesis or triglyceride synthesis, or
CC
     cardiovascular disorder (e.g. atherosclerosis, coronary artery disease,
CC
     hypertension, heart failure, atrial fibrillation, arrhythmias, dilated
CC
     cardiomyopathy, idiopathic cardiomyopathy or angina). The invention is
CC
     also useful in screening assays (e.g. tissue typing, chromosome mapping,
CC
     or in forensic biology), in predictive medicine (e.g. diagnostic assays,
CC
     prognostic assays, monitoring clinical trials or pharmacogenetics), or as
CC
     surrogate markers (e.g. markers of disease states or markers of drug
CC
     activity). The present sequence is human DGAT2 protein
XX
SQ
     Sequence 341 AA;
 Query Match
                                  Score 1849; DB 6;
                                  Pred. No. 4.6e-202;
 Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%;
 Matches 341; Conservat
                                     Mismatches
                                                    0;
                                                                      Gaps
                                                        Indels
                                                                              0:
            1 MGVATTLQPPTTSKTLQKQHLEAVGAYQYVLTFLFMGPFFSLLVFVLLFTSLWPFSVFYL 60
Qу
```

-		
ad	1	
Qу	61	VWLYVDWDTPNQGGRRSEWIRNRAIWRQLRDYYPVKLVKTAELPPDRNYVLGAHPHGIMC 120
Db	61	VWLYVDWDTPNQGGRRSEWIRNRAIWRQLRDYYPVKLVKTAELPPDRNYVLGAHPHGIMC 120
Qу	121	TGFLCNFSTESNGFSQLFPGLRPWLAVLAGLFYLPVYRDYIMSFGLCPVSRQSLDFILSQ 180
Db	121	TGFLCNFSTESNGFSQLFPGLRPWLAVLAGLFYLPVYRDYIMSFGLCPVSRQSLDFILSQ 180
Qу	181	PQLGQAVVIMVGGAHEALYSVPGEHCLTLQKRKGFVRLALRHGASLVPVYSFGENDIFRL 240
Db	181	PQLGQAVVIMVGGAHEALYSVPGEHCLTLQKRKGFVRLALRHGASLVPVYSFGENDIFRL 240
Qу	241	KAFATGSWQHWCQLTFKKLMGFSPCIFWGRGLFSATSWGLLPFAVPITTVVGRPIPVPQR 300
Db	241	KAFATGSWQHWCQLTFKKLMGFSPCIFWGRGLFSATSWGLLPFAVPITTVVGRPIPVPQR 300
Qу	301	LHPTEEEVNHYHALYMTALEQLFEEHKESCGVPASTCLTFI 341
Db	301	LHPTEEEVNHYHALYMTALEQLFEEHKESCGVPASTCLTFI 341

```
RESULT 3
AAD56887
      AAD56887 standard; cDNA; 1263 BP.
 ID
XX
     AAD56887;
AC
XX
 DΤ
      06-NOV-2003 (first entry)
XX
 DΕ
      Human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2) cDNA, 60489.
XX
      Human; diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2; DGAT2; obesity; arrhythmia;
KW
KW
     coronary artery disease; hypertension; heart failure; tissue typing;
      aberrant lipogenesis; cardiovascular disorder; atherosclerosis; angina;
KW
KW
      atrial fibrillation; dilated cardiomyopathy; idiopathic cardiomyopathy;
KW
     diabetes; chromosome mapping; forensic biology; enzyme; gene; ss.
XX
os
     Homo sapiens.
XX
FH
                      Location/Qualifiers
     Key
FT
     CDS
                      171. .1196
FT
                      /*tag= a
FT
                      /product= "Human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2"
XX
                        (Same as US 2003617-0691 A1)
(Used in the art rejetion)
PN
XX
PD
     03-JUL-2003.
XX
     19-DEC-2002; 2002WO-US040974.
PF
XX
PR
     19-DEC-2001; 2001US-0341947P.
PR
      19-SEP-2002; 2002US-0411859P.
XX
      (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
PA
XX
     Gimeno RE,
PΙ
                  Wu Z, Kapeller-Libermann R, Hubbard BK;
XX
     WPI; 2003-559092/52.
DR
DR
     P-PSDB; AAE37787.
XX
PΤ
     New human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2) family member
PΤ
     polypeptide and nucleic acid molecules, useful for diagnosing and
PT
     treating obesity, diabetes, atherosclerosis, aberrant lipogenesis or
PT
     triglyceride synthesis.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 125-126; 154pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2)
CC
     family members and their uses. DGAT2 family member sequences or their
CC
     modulators are useful for diagnosing and treating a subject with a
CC
     disorder associated with the aberrant DGAT family member polypeptide
CC
     activity or nucleic acid expression, such as a disorder associated with
CC
     obesity, diabetes, aberrant lipogenesis or triglyceride synthesis, or
CC
     cardiovascular disorder (e.g. atherosclerosis, coronary artery disease,
CC
     hypertension, heart failure, atrial fibrillation, arrhythmias, dilated
CC
     cardiomyopathy, idiopathic cardiomyopathy or angina). The invention is
CC
     also useful in screening assays (e.g. tissue typing, chromosome mapping,
CC
     or in forensic biology), in predictive medicine (e.g. diagnostic assays,
CC
     prognostic assays, monitoring clinical trials or pharmacogenetics), or as
CC
     surrogate markers (e.g. markers of disease states or markers of drug
CC
     activity). The present sequence is human DGAT2 cDNA
XX
SQ
     Sequence 1263 BP; 215 A; 418 C; 325 G; 290 T; 0 U; 15 Other;
```

```
Query Match
                   86.7%;
                         Score 1230.6; DB 9;
                                         Length 1263;
 Best Local Similarity
                   98.2%;
                         Pred. No. 3.3e-300;
 Matches 1238; Conservative
                       14;
                           Mismatches
                                        Indels
                                                         1;
                                                   Gaps
         1 CACTCACACCTACGGA-CACACGCTACTCTGGGAGGTGATTTGCGACTTAGCCAGGCC 59
Qу
          1 1
                                        1111111111111111111
         3 CACTCACACACCTMMSKAWMRSRMGYYRMYCCACGCGTCCGTTTGCGACTTAGCCAGGCC 62
Db
        60 CCCAAAGCTGGGCTCCTGTAGGGAGAAAGTCTGCCCAGGTCCACATCCAAGCCTTCATCG 119
Qу
          CCCAAAGCTGGGCTCCTGTAGGGAGAAAGTCTGCCCAGGTCCACATCCAAGCCTTCATCG 122
Db
       120 TTTGTCCTCCGGGTTCTGGGATCCTGCTGGAAGAGGGGAGCTTCTGCAATGGGAGTTGCC 179
Qу
          123 TTTGTCCTCCGGGTTCTGGGATCCTGCTGGAAGAGGGGAGCTTCTGCAATGGGAGTTGCC 182
Db
Qy
       180 ACAACCCTGCAGCCCCCAACCACTTCCAAAACCTTGCAGAAGCAGCATCTAGAAGCAGTG 239
          183 ACAACCCTGCAGCCCCCAACCACTTCCAAAACCTTGCAGAAGCAGCATCTAGAAGCAGTG 242
Db
       240 GGCGCCTACCAATATGTGCTCACTTTCCTCTTCATGGGCCCTTTCTTCTCCCCTTCTTGTC 299
Qν
          Db
       243 GGCGCCTACCAATATGTGCTCACTTTCCTCTTCATGGGCCCTTTCTTCTCCCCTTCTTGTC 302
       300 TTTGTCCTCCTCTTCACGTCACTCTGGCCCTTCTCTGTTTTTTACTTGGTGTGGCTCTAT 359
Qy
          Db
       303 TTTGTCCTCTCTCACGTCACTCTGGCCCTTCTCTGTTTTTTACTTGGTGTGGCTCTAT 362
Qу
       360 GTGGACTGGGACACACCCAACCAAGGTGGAAGGCGTTCGGAGTGGATAAGGAACCGGGCA 419
          363 GTGGACTGGGACACCCAACCAAGGTGGAAGGCGTTCGGAGTGGATAAGGAACCGGGCA 422
Db
       420 ATTTGGAGACAACTAAGGGATTATTATCCTGTCAAGCTGGTGAAAACAGCAGAGCTGCCC 479
Qy
          423 ATTTGGAGACAACTAAGGGATTATTATCCTGTCAAGCTGGTGAAAACAGCAGAGCTGCCC 482
Db
       480 CCGGATCGGAACTACGTGCTGGGCGCCCACCCTCATGGGATCATGTGTACAGGCTTCCTC 539
Qу
          483 CCGGATCGGAACTACGTGCTGGGCGCCCACCCTCATGGGATCATGTGTACAGGCTTCCTC 542
Db
       540 TGTAATTTCTCCACCGAGAGCAATGGCTTCTCCCAGCTCTTCCCGGGGCTCCGGCCCTGG 599
Qу
          543 TGTAATTTCTCCACCGAGAGCAATGGCTTCTCCCAGCTCTTCCCGGGGCTCCGGCCCTGG 602
Dh
       600 TTAGCCGTGCTGGCTGGCCTCTTCTACCTCCCGGTCTATCGCGACTACATCATGTCCTTT 659
0ν
          603 TTAGCCGTGCTGGCTGCCTCTTCTACCTCCCGGTCTATCGCGACTACATCATGTCCTTT 662
Db
Qу
       660 GGACTCTGTCCGGTGAGCCGCCAGAGCCTGGACTTCATCCTGTCCCAGCCCCAGCTCGGG 719
          663 GGACTCTGTCCGGTGAGCCGCCAGAGCCTGGACTTCATCCTGTCCCAGCCCCAGCTCGGG 722
       720 CAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGTGCGCACGAGGCCCTGTATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAG 779
Qу
          Db
       723 CAGGCCGTGGTCATCATGGTGGGGGGGTGCGCACGAGGCCCTGTATTCAGTCCCCGGGGAG 782
       780 CACTGCCTTACGCTCCAGAAGCGCAAAGGCTTCGTGCGCCTGGCGCTGAGGCACGGGGCG 839
Qу
          783 CACTGCCTTACGCTCCAGAAGCGCAAAGGCTTCGTGCGCCTGGCGCTGAGGCACGGGGCG 842
Db
       840 TCCCTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAATGACATCTTTAGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCC 899
Qу
          843 TCCCTGGTGCCCGTGTACTCCTTTGGGGAGAATGACATCTTTAGACTTAAGGCTTTTGCC 902
Db
```

•			
Qy	900	ACAGGCTCCTGGCAGCATTGGTGCCAGCTCACCTTCAAGAAGCTCATGGGCTTCTCCCT	959
Db	903	ACAGGCTCCTGGCAGCATTGGTGCCAGCTCACCTTCAAGAAGCTCATGGGCTTCTCCCT	962
Qy	960	TGCATCTTCTGGGGTCGCGGTCTCTTCTCAGCCACCTCCTGGGGCCTGCTGCCCTTTGCT	1019
Db	963	TGCATCTTCTGGGGTCGCGGTCTCTTCTCAGCCACCTCCTGGGGCCTGCTGCCCTTTGCT	1022
Qу	1020	GTGCCCATCACCACTGTGGTGGGCCGCCCCATCCCCGTCCCCCAGCGCCTCCACCCCACC	1079
Db	1023	GTGCCCATCACCACTGTGGTGGGCCGCCCCATCCCCGTCCCCCAGCGCCTCCACCCCACC	1082
Qy	1080	GAGGAGGAAGTCAATCACTATCACGCCCTCTACATGACGGCCCTGGAGCAGCTCTTCGAG	1139
Db	1083	GAGGAGGAAGTCAATCACGCCCTCTACATGACGGCCCTGGAGCAGCTCTTCGAG	1142
Qy	1140	GAGCACAAGGAAAGCTGTGGGGTCCCCGCTTCCACCTGCCTCACCTTCATCTAGGCCTGG	1199
Db	1143	GAGCACAAGGAAAGCTGTGGGGTCCCCGCTTCCACCTGCCTCACCTTCATCTAGGCCTGG	1202
Qy	1200	CCGCGGCCTTTCGCTGAGCCCCTGAGCCCAAGGCACTGAGACCTCCACCCAC	1259
Db	1203	CCGCGGCCTTTCGCTGAGCCCCTGAGCCCAAGGCACTGAGACCTCCACCCAC	1262
Qy	1260	C 1260	
Db	1263	C 1263	

Hit List

First HitClear Generate Collection Exprint Exprint Red Refs Generate OACS

Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 3 of 3 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 20040223959 A1

L4: Entry 1 of 3

File: PGPB

Nov 11, 2004

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20040223959

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20040223959 A1

TITLE: Polynucleotide encoding a novel acyl coenzyme a, monoacylglycerol acyltransferase-3

(MGAT3), and uses thereof

PUBLICATION-DATE: November 11, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY
Feder, John N.	Belle Mead	NJ	US
Nelson, Thomas C.	Lawrenceville	NJ	US
Chen, Jian	Princeton	NJ	US
Meegalla, Rupalie	Boothwyn	PA	US
Ramaker, Michael	Greenville	DE	US
Cheng, Dong	Furlong	PA	US

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>424/94.5</u>; <u>435/193</u>, <u>435/320.1</u>, <u>435/325</u>, <u>435/6</u>, <u>435/69.1</u>, <u>536/23.2</u>

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Dravu Desc	Image
------	-------	----------	-------	--------	----------------	------	-----------	-----------	-------------	--------	------	------------	-------

☐ 2. Document ID: WO 2004065551 A2

L4: Entry 2 of 3

File: EPAB

Aug 5, 2004

PUB-NO: WO2004065551A2

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: WO 2004065551 A2

TITLE: POLYNUCLEOTIDE ENCODING A NOVEL ACYL COENZYME A, MONOACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-3

(MGAT3), AND USES THEREOF

PUBN-DATE: August 5, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

THADIAL	ON INICIALION.	
NAME		COUNTRY
FEDER,	JOHN N	US
NELSON	I, THOMAS C	US
CHEN,	JIAN .	US
MEEGAL	LA, RUPALIE	US
RAMAKE	CR, MICHAEL	US
CHENG,	DONG	US

INT-CL (IPC): C12 N 0/
EUR-CL (EPC): C12N009/10

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference <u>Sequences Attantanents</u> Claims KMC Draw Desc Image

☐ 3. Document ID: MX 2005007615 A1, WO 2004065551 A2, US 20040223959 A1, AU 2004206250 A1, EP 1585815 A2

L4: Entry 3 of 3

File: DWPI

Oct 1, 2005

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 2004-562157

DERWENT-WEEK: 200620

COPYRIGHT 2006 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

TITLE: New nucleic acid molecules encoding a $\underline{\text{monoacylglycerol}}$ acyltransferase-3 (MGAT3), useful for preventing, treating, or ameliorating obesity or gastrointestinal disorder, particularly

Crohn's disease

INVENTOR: CHEN, J; CHENG, D; FEBER, J N; MEEGALLA, R; NELSON, T C; RAMAKER, M; FEDER, J N

PRIORITY-DATA: 2003US-441567P (January 21, 2003), 2004US-0761905 (January 21, 2004)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PUB-DATE	LANGUAGE	PAGES	MAIN-IPC
MX 2005007615 A1	October 1, 2005		000	C12N000/00000
WO 2004065551 A2	August 5, 2004	E	181	C12N000/00
US 20040223959 A1	November 11, 2004		000	C12Q001/68
AU 2004206250 A1	August 5, 2004		000	C12N009/10
EP 1585815 A2	October 19, 2005	E	000	C12N009/10

INT-CL (IPC): $\underline{\text{CO7}}$ $\underline{\text{H}}$ $\underline{\text{21}}/\underline{\text{04}}$; $\underline{\text{C12}}$ $\underline{\text{N}}$ $\underline{\text{0}}/\underline{\text{00}}$; $\underline{\text{C12}}$ $\underline{\text{N}}$ $\underline{\text{0}}/\underline{\text{00000}}$; $\underline{\text{C12}}$ $\underline{\text{N}}$ $\underline{\text{9}}/\underline{\text{10}}$; $\underline{\text{C12}}$ $\underline{\text{N}}$ $\underline{\text{15}}/\underline{\text{54}}$; $\underline{\text{C12}}$ $\underline{\text{Q}}$ $\underline{\text{1}}/\underline{\text{68}}$

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des	С
37. 7	an A			~ (G)=m=-	-d	100	MAY-WAY	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN		EI SEREN	200	- AAAA	
397	alean	9	enerau	e Collec	tion . F	भीति	lFWellf	Keis	Ekwd Refs	(6	enerat		s)ŠŠ
	alear		enerau	ecollec		44100	FW0 In						S.3.2
	alear Term			e Goliec	uen j		IFWE IF			Docum			

Display Format: - Change Format

Previous Page Next Page Go to Doc#

Hit List

First HitClear Generate Collection Print Find Fwd Refs Bkwd Refs Generate OACS

Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 10 of 15 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 20060134752 A1

L6: Entry 1 of 15

File: PGPB

Jun 22, 2006

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20060134752

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE:

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20060134752 A1

TITLE: Human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2) family members and uses therefor

PUBLICATION-DATE: June 22, 2006

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY Gimeno; Ruth E. Wellesley MA US Wu; Zhidan Boston MA US Kapeller-Libermann; Rosana Chestnut Hill MA US Hubbard; Brian K. Beverly MA US

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/69.1; 435/193, 435/320.1, 435/325, 536/23.2

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Drawn Desc	Image
------	-------	----------	-------	--------	----------------	------	-----------	-----------	-------------	--------	------	------------	-------

☐ 2. Document ID: US 20060100146 A1

L6: Entry 2 of 15

File: PGPB

May 11, 2006

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20060100146

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE:

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20060100146 A1

TITLE: AWAT-related methods and articles

PUBLICATION-DATE: May 11, 2006

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY Sturley; Stephen L. New York NY US Turkish; Aaron New York NY US Billheimer; Jeffrey T. West Chester PA US Cromley; Debra Pittsgrove US NJ

 $\text{US-CL-CURRENT: } \underline{514/12}; \ \underline{514/211.13}, \ \underline{514/356}, \ \underline{514/457}, \ \underline{514/460}, \ \underline{514/557}, \ \underline{514/571}, \ \underline{514/78}$

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KWC Draw Desc Image

☐ 3. Document ID: US 20050272680 A1

L6: Entry 3 of 15

File: PGPB

Dec 8, 2005

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20050272680

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20050272680 A1

TITLE: Modulation of diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 expression

PUBLICATION-DATE: December 8, 2005

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY Bhanot, Sanjay Carlsbad CA US Dobie, Kenneth W. Del Mar CA US Yu, Xing-Xian San Diego CA US Monia, Brett P. Encinitas CA US

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>514/44</u>; <u>536/23.1</u>

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMC	Draw Desc	Image
													111142

☐ 4. Document ID: US 20050106697 A1

File: PGPB

May 19, 2005

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20050106697

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

L6: Entry 4 of 15

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20050106697 A1

TITLE: Mono-and diacylglycerol acyltransferases and methods of use thereof

PUBLICATION-DATE: May 19, 2005

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY Cases, Sylvaine Belmont CA US Stone, Scot J. Fairfield CA US Zhou, Ping Walnut Creek CA US Farese, Robert V. JR. San Francisco CA US Yen, Chi-Liang Eric San Francisco CA US

US-CL-CURRENT: $\underline{435}/\underline{193}$; $\underline{435}/\underline{134}$, $\underline{435}/\underline{320.1}$, $\underline{435}/\underline{325}$, $\underline{435}/\underline{69.1}$, $\underline{536}/\underline{23.2}$

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KWC Draw Desc Image

☐ 5. Document ID: US 20050043524 A1

L6: Entry 5 of 15

File: PGPB

Feb 24, 2005

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20050043524

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20050043524 A1

TITLE: Modulation of diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 expression

PUBLICATION-DATE: February 24, 2005

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY

Bhanot, Sanjay Carlsbad CA US
Dobie, Kenneth W. Del Mar CA US
Yu, Xing-Xian San Diego CA US

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>536/23.1</u>

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Drawu Desc	Image

☐ 6. Document ID: US 20050019372 A1

L6: Entry 6 of 15

File: PGPB

Jan 27, 2005

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20050019372

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20050019372 A1

TITLE: Modified-fat nutritional products useful preventing or treating obesity

PUBLICATION-DATE: January 27, 2005

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY Corkey, Barbara E. Boston MA US

Corkey, Barbara E. Boston MA US
Guo, Wen Stoneham MA US
Jianrong, Han Stoneham MA US

US-CL-CURRENT: 424/439

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KWC Draw Desc	Full	litle	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Drawn Desc	lma
---	------	-------	----------	-------	--------	----------------	------	-----------	-----------	-------------	--------	------	------------	-----

☐ 7. Document ID: US 20040223959 A1

L6: Entry 7 of 15

File: PGPB

Nov 11, 2004

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20040223959

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20040223959 A1

TITLE: Polynucleotide encoding a novel acyl coenzyme a, monoacylglycerol acyltransferase-3

(MGAT3), and uses thereof

PUBLICATION-DATE: November 11, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY Feder, John N. Belle Mead NJ US Nelson, Thomas C. US Lawrenceville NJ Chen, Jian Princeton NJ US Meegalla, Rupalie Boothwyn PA US Ramaker, Michael Greenville DE US Cheng, Dong Furlong PA US

US-CL-CURRENT: 424/94.5; 435/193, 435/320.1, 435/325, 435/6, 435/69.1, 536/23.2

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Drawi Desc	Image
------	-------	----------	-------	--------	----------------	------	-----------	-----------	-------------	--------	------	------------	-------

□ 8. Document ID: US 20040209838 A1

L6: Entry 8 of 15

File: PGPB

Oct 21, 2004

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20040209838

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20040209838 A1

TITLE: Modulation of diacylglycerol acyltransferase 1 expression

PUBLICATION-DATE: October 21, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY

Monia, Brett P. Encinitas CA US
Graham, Mark J. San Clemente CA US

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>514/44</u>; <u>536/23.2</u>

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMIC	Drawi Desc	Image
------	-------	----------	-------	--------	----------------	------	-----------	-----------	-------------	--------	------	------------	-------

☐ 9. Document ID: US 20040185559 A1

L6: Entry 9 of 15 File: PGPB Sep 23, 2004

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20040185559

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20040185559 A1

TITLE: Modulation of diacylglycerol acyltransferase 1 expression

PUBLICATION-DATE: September 23, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY

Monia, Brett P. Encinitas CA US

Graham, Mark J.

San Clem

CA

US

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/375; 514/44, 536/23.2

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KWC Draw Desc Image

10. Document ID: US 20030170691 A1

L6: Entry 10 of 15

File: PGPB

Sep 11, 2003

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20030170691

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20030170691 A1

TITLE: Human diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2) family members and uses therefor

PUBLICATION-DATE: September 11, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE COUNTRY Gimeno, Ruth E. Wellesley US MA Wu, Zhidan Boston MA US Kapeller-Libermann, Rosana Chestnut Hill MA US Hubbard, Brian K. Beverly US MA

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>435/6</u>; <u>435/193</u>, <u>435/320.1</u>, <u>435/325</u>, <u>435/69.1</u>, <u>536/23.2</u>

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMC	Drawi Desc
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
(- & G	enerati	e Collec	ton (F	* 10ab	Fwd R	els t	Elxxd Refs	@	eneral	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>										
	Tern	າຣ					Do	cuments	3			

Display Format: - Change Format

<u>Previous Page</u> <u>Next Page</u> <u>Go to Doc#</u>

WEST Search History



DATE: Friday, August 11, 2006

Hide?	Set Nam	<u>le Query</u>	Hit Count
	DB=PC	GPB, USPT, USOC, EPAB, JPAB, DWPI; PLUR=YES; OP	=ADJ
	L6	L3 and dna	15
	L5	acyl coenzyme A monoacylglycerol acyltransferase-3	1
	L4	monoacylglycerol acyltransferase-3	3
	L3	monoacylglycerol acyltransferase	25
	L2	("wo 0157190")!.ABPN1,NRPN,PN,WKU.	0
	L1	("wo1057190")!.ABPN1,NRPN,PN,WKU.	0

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

=> file medline hcaplus biosis biotechds embase COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:53:50 ON 11 AUG 2006

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:53:50 ON 11 AUG 2006

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:53:50 ON 11 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

FILE 'BIOTECHDS' ENTERED AT 10:53:50 ON 11 AUG 2006 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:53:50 ON 11 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

=> s human diacylglycerol acyltransferase

26 HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE L1

=> dup rem l1

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

19 DUP REM L1 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L2

=> s human diacylglycerol acyltransferase-3

0 HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-3

=> s human diacylglycerol acyltransferase-2

4 HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-2

=> s human diacylglycerol acyltransferase-1

8 HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-1

=> s 12 and 1990-2003/py

12 L2 AND 1990-2003/PY

=> focus 16

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6

L7 12 FOCUS L6 1-

=> d 17 1-12 ibib ab

ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:547416 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:161281

TITLE:

Cloning, sequence, expression and possible therapeutic

applications of human diacylglycerol acyltransferase and acyl-CoA cholesterol

acyltransferase isoenzyme

INVENTOR(S):

Sturley, Stephen L.; Oelkers, Peter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Trustees of Columbia University In the City of New

> York, USA U.S., 32 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

US 6100077 A 20000808 US 1998-165042 19981001 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-165042 19981001

This study is a description of the isolation of full-length human cDNA clones for two ACAT (ACAT = acyl-CoA cholesterol acyltransferase) related gene products (ARGP1 and ARGP2) (ARGP = ACAT Related Gene Products), examn. of their pattern of tissue expression, and assays of enzymic activity. It is shown that ARGP2 can catalyze the formation of sterol ester from cholesterol and oleoyl-CoA, leading the authors to rename this gene, ACAT2. Therefore, the gene ACAT2 encodes an ACAT isoenzyme. By contrast, ARGP1 did not detectably esterify cholesterol and the authors propose that it performs acyl-CoA dependent acylation of other mols., such as diacylglycerol. The authors' observations of a diacylglycerol-binding site in ARGP1 biases one to the possibility of ARGP1 being diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT), which to date has not been isolated at the mol. level. This invention also provides a possible in vitro method of detecting a diacylglycerol acyltransferase binding site of an enzyme. This invention provides a possible method for detg. whether a subject known to have an imbalance in triglyceride has the imbalance due to a defect in esterification of diacylglycerol to produce triglyceride. invention also provides a possible method for treating a subject who has an imbalance in triglyceride levels due to a defect in esterification of diacylglycerol which comprises introducing the isolated nucleic acid which encodes a diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT) into the subject under conditions such that the nucleic acid expresses a wild-type diacylqlycerol acyltransferase, so as to thereby treat the subject. This invention further provides a possible method for inhibiting wild-type diacylglycerol acyltransferase in a subject which comprises transforming appropriate cells from the subject with a vector which expresses the nucleic acid which encodes a diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT).

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:14226 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000014226

TITLE: Overexpression of human diacylglycerol

acyltransferase results in increased

triacylglycerol synthesis and increased secretion of apolipoprotein B-containing lipoproteins from McA-RH777

cells.

AUTHOR(S): Liang, Jun-shan [Reprint author]; Oelkers, Peter M.

[Reprint author]; Chu, Pi-Chun [Reprint author]; Ginsberg, Henry N. [Reprint author]; Sturley, Stephen L. [Reprint

author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Columbia Univ, New York, NY, USA

SOURCE: Circulation, (Nov. 2, 1999) Vol. 100, No. 18

SUPPL., pp. I.686. print.

Meeting Info.: 72nd Scientific Sessions of the American Heart Association. Atlanta, Georgia, USA. November 7-10,

1999.

CODEN: CIRCAZ. ISSN: 0009-7322.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 29 Dec 1999

Last Updated on STN: 31 Dec 2001

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:969479 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:382754

TITLE: Posttranscriptional Control of the Expression and

Function of Diacylglycerol Acyltransferase-1 in Mouse

Adipocytes

AUTHOR(S): Yu, Yi-Hao; Zhang, Yiying; Oelkers, Peter; Sturley,

Stephen L.; Rader, Daniel J.; Ginsberg, Henry N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medicine, Columbia University College of

Physicians and Surgeons, New York, NY, 10032, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (2002),

277 (52), 50876-50884

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Acyl-CoA:diacylglycerol acyltransferase-1 (DGAT1) catalyzes the final step of triglyceride synthesis in mammalian cells. Data obtained from DGAT1-knockout mice have indicated that this enzyme plays an important role in energy homeostasis. We investigated the regulation of the expression and function of DGAT1 in mouse 3T3-L1 cell as a model for mammalian adipocytes. We demonstrated that the DGAT1 protein level increased by ~90-fold following differentiation of 3T3-L1 into mature adipocytes, a change that was accompanied by ~7-fold increase in DGAT1 mRNA. On the other hand, forced overexpression of DGAT1 mRNA by >20-fold via a recombinant adenovirus only resulted in ~2-fold increase in DGAT1 protein in mature adipocytes and little increase in preadipocytes. These results indicated that gene expression of DGAT1 in adipocytes is subjected to rigorous posttranscriptional regulation, which is modulated significantly by the differentiation status of 3T3-L1 cells. Protein stability is not a significant factor in the control of DGAT1 expression. The steady-state levels of DGAT1 were unaffected by blockage of proteolytic pathways by ALLN. However, translational control was suggested by sequence anal. of the 5'-untranslated region of human DGAT1 (hDGAT1) mRNA. We found that the level of DGAT1 activity was predominantly a function of the steady-state level of DGAT1 protein. No significant functional changes were obsd. when the conserved tyrosine phosphorylation site in hDGAT1 was mutated by a single base pair substitution. Despite only a ~2-fold increase in DGAT1 protein caused by recombinant viral transduction, a proportionate increase in cellular triglyceride synthesis resulted without affecting the triglyceride lipolysis rate, leading to >2-fold increase in intracellular triglyceride accumulation. No change in adipocyte morphol. or in the expression levels of lipoprotein lipase, peroxisomal proliferation-activating receptor-.gamma., and aP2 was evident secondary to DGAT1 overexpression at different stages in 3T3-L1 differentiation. These data suggest that dysregulation of DGAT1 may play a role in the development of obesity, and manipulation of the steady-state level of DGAT1 protein may offer a potential means to treat or prevent obesity.

REFERENCE COUNT: 63 THERE ARE 63 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 12 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003471990 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12824082

TITLE: Human intestinal monoacylglycerol acyltransferase:

differential features in tissue expression and activity. Lockwood John F; Cao Jingsong; Burn Paul; Shi Yuguang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Endocrine Research, DC 0545, Lilly Research Laboratories,

Lilly Corporate Center, Eli Lilly and Company,

Indianapolis, IN 46285, USA.

SOURCE: American journal of physiology. Endocrinology and

metabolism, (2003 Nov) Vol. 285, No. 5, pp. E927-37. Electronic Publication: 2003-06-24. Journal code: 100901226. ISSN: 0193-1849.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200311

AUTHOR:

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 10 Oct 2003

Last Updated on STN: 19 Dec 2003

Acyl CoA-monoacylglycerol acyltransferase (MGAT) catalyzes the first step AB in triacyglycerol resynthesis involved in dietary absorption in enterocytes. Despite its potentially important role in dietary fat absorption, a gene encoding a human intestinal MGAT has not been identified. In this study, we report the identification and functional characterization of a human intestinal MGAT (hMGAT2) and its splice variant (hMGAT2V). The hMGAT2 gene encodes a peptide of 334 amino acids with a molecular mass of 38.2 kDa that shares 81 and 47% amino acid identities with the mouse MGAT2 and the human diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT2) enzymes, respectively. The hMGAT2 gene is localized on chromosome 11q13.5, adjacent to the DGAT2 gene, suggesting gene duplication. Transient expression of hMGAT2, but not an alternatively spliced variant, hMGAT2V, in COS-7 cells led to a ninefold increase in the synthesis of DAG. The human and mouse differ significantly in tissue distribution of MGAT2. In addition to a predominant expression in the small intestine in both species, distinct levels were also found in the human liver, contrasting with higher levels in the mouse kidney. In comparison with a single 1.8-kb transcript in mouse, the hMGAT2 gene expressed two transcripts of 3.0 and 6.0 kb in size that encode MGAT2 and an inactive peptide with unknown functions, respectively. Despite a significant level of hMGAT2 mRNA in the human liver, little MGAT activity was detected in liver microsomes when tested against monoacyglcerols with different unsaturated side chains, suggesting possible posttranscriptional regulation.

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003425974 EMBASE

TITLE: Human intestinal monoacylglycerol acyltransferase:

Differential features in tissue expression and activity.

AUTHOR: Lockwood J.F.; Cao J.; Burn P.; Shi Y.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Y. Shi, Lilly Research Laboratories, Lilly Corporate

Center, Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN 46285,

United States. shi_yuguang@lilly.com

SOURCE: American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and

Metabolism, (2003) Vol. 285, No. 5 48-5, pp. E927-E937. .

Refs: 33

ISSN: 0193-1849 CODEN: AJPMD

COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
FILE SEGMENT: 002 Physiology

029 Clinical Biochemistry

048 Gastroenterology

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 6 Nov 2003

Last Updated on STN: 6 Nov 2003

AB Acyl CoA-monoacylglycerol acyltransferase (MGAT) catalyzes the first step in triacyglycerol resynthesis involved in dietary absorption in enterocytes. Despite its potentially important role in dietary fat absorption, a gene encoding a human intestinal MGAT has not been identified. In this study, we report the identification and functional characterization of a human intestinal MGAT (hMGAT2) and its splice variant (hMGAT2V). The hMGAT2 gene encodes a peptide of 334 amino acids with a molecular mass of 38.2 kDa that shares 81 and 47% amino acid identities with the mouse MGAT2 and the human diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT2) enzymes, respectively. The hMGAT2 gene is localized on chromosome 11g13.5, adjacent to the DGAT2 gene, suggesting gene duplication. Transient expression of hMGAT2, but not an alternatively spliced variant, hMGAT2V, in COS-7 cells led to a ninefold increase in the synthesis of DAG. human and mouse differ significantly in tissue distribution of MGAT2. In addition to a predominant expression in the small intestine in both species, distinct levels were also found in the human liver, contrasting

with higher levels in the mouse kidney. In comparison with a single 1.8-kb transcript in mouse, the hMGAT2 gene expressed two transcripts of 3.0 and 6.0 kb in size that encode MGAT2 and an inactive peptide with unknown functions, respectively. Despite a significant level of hMGAT2 mRNA in the human liver, little MGAT activity was detected in liver microsomes when tested against monoacyglcerols with different unsaturated side chains, suggesting possible posttranscriptional regulation.

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:633349 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:173811

TITLE:

Methods and compositions for modulating diacylglycerol acyltransferase activity to modulate sensitivity to

insulin and leptin and modulate carbohydrate

metabolism

INVENTOR(S):

Farese, Robert V.; Chen, Hubert C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 40,315.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	rent		KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
US	2003	1545	04		A1	_	2003	0814		 US 2	002-	2891	 72		2	0021	 105 <	
US	6344	548			B1		2002	0205		US 1	998-	1037	54		1:	9980	624 <	
WO	9967	403			A1		1999	1229		WO 1	998-	US17	883		1:	9980	828 <	
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	
												ID,						
												MD,						
												SK,						
												KZ,					•	
	RW:											BE,					ES.	
												SE,						
								NE,				•	•	•	•		•	
US	2003							-	-			4031	5		2	0011	029 <	
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 1	998-	1037	54		A2 1	9980	624	
									1	WO 1	998-	US17	883		A2 1	9980	828	
									1	US 1	998-	1077	71P	1	P 19	9981	109	
									US 1999-339472				72		B2 19990623			
									1	JS 2	001-	4031	5	7	A2 2	0011	029	

AB Methods and compns. for modulating carbohydrate metab. in a host are provided. In the subject methods, diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT) activity (specifically DGAT1 activity) is modulated, e.g., reduced or enhanced, to achieve a desired insulin and/or leptin sensitivity, thereby modulating carbohydrate metab., e.g., increasing or decreasing blood glucose levels, glucose uptake into cells and assimilation into glycogen. Also provided are pharmaceutical compns. for practicing the subject methods. The subject methods and compns. find use in a variety of applications, including the treatment of hosts suffering conditions assocd. with abnormal carbohydrate metab., such as obesity or diabetes.

7 ANSWER 7 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:511096 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:81326

TITLE:

Human and mouse diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 sequence homologs, their sequences, recombinant production, and use as modulators in treatment of

disorders such as obesity

INVENTOR(S):

Gimeno, Ruth E.; Wu, Zhidan; Kapeller-Libermann,

Rosana; Hubbard, Brian K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 154 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
PATENT NO.
                                       KIND
                                                    DATE
                                                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                            DATE
                                                                        -----
                                        ----
                                                    -----
                                                                                                              -----
                                                                                                              20021219 <--
        WO 2003053363
                                         A2
                                                    20030703
                                                                       WO 2002-US40974
       WO 2003053363
                                         A3
                                                    20040429

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

                     CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                 20030709 AU 2002-366803
       AU 2002366803
                                         A1
                                                                                                            20021219 <--
       US 2003170691
                                          A1
                                                    20030911
                                                                       US 2002-324618
                                                                                                              20021219 <--
                                                    20040915
       EP 1455815
                                         A2
                                                                       EP 2002-805653
                                                                                                              20021219
                    AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                     IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
                                                                       US 2006-347870
                                                    20060622
        US 2006134752
                                         A1
                                                                                                             20060206
                                                                                                     P 20011219
P 20020919
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                        US 2001-341947P
                                                                        US 2002-411859P
                                                                                                      B1 20021219
                                                                        US 2002-324618
                                                                        WO 2002-US40974
                                                                                                        W 20021219
```

AB The invention provides various cDNA mols. encoding human and mouse diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2) sequence homologs. The human cDNA mols. are designated 60489, 112041, 112037, 58765, 58765short, 112023, 112024 and hDC2, while the mouse cDNA mols. are designated m86606, m5875, m112023, and mDC2. The invention also provides a vector contg. said cDNA mols., and a host cell transformed with said vector for recombinant DGAT2 sequence homolog protein prodn. The invention further provides said DGAT2 sequence homolog polypeptides, and antibodies, and/or fusion proteins thereof. Still further, the invention provides a method for: (a) identifying a compd. capable of modulating an adipocyte activity using said DGAT2 family member cDNA mols. or polypeptides, and use of identified modulator; (b) detg. acyltransferase activity of a polypeptide (such as DGAT2 sequence homologs) utilizing labeled substrates; and (c) identifying a compd. (modulator) capable of treating a disorder characterized by aberrant DGAT2 family member nucleic acid expression or activity (such as obesity), wherein said modulator is org. small mol., and anti-DGAT2 antibody, or one of the disclosed DGAT2 sequence homolog polypeptides. Finally, the invention provides the cDNA and amino acid sequences of said human and mouse DGAT2 sequence homologs. The invention discussed that the DGAT2 sequence homologs can be used in screening assays, and as therapeutic agents for controlling one or more disorders assocd. with adipocyte differentiation and metab., and metabolic disorders. The invention is based, at least in part, on the discovery that the DGAT2 sequence homolog cDNAs and polypeptides were expressed at high levels in adipose, liver and small intestine, colon, and kidney, and were regulated during conditions which affect differentiation and metab. of adipocytes, and are downregulated in genetic animal models of obesity.

```
L7 ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
```

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:473332 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

139:49111

TITLE:

Diacylglycerol acyltransferase proteins and genes from Mortierella ramanniana and other organisms

Lardizabal, Kathryn Dennis; Thompson, Gregory A.;

Hawkins, Deborah

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 107 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 121,857.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
A1	20030619	US 2002-208018		20020731 <	
A1	20030206	US 2002-121857		20020415 <	
B2	20041123				
		US 1998-91631P	P	19980702	
		US 1999-130829P	P	19990423	
		US 1999-345461	B1	19990630	
		US 2002-121857	A2	20020415	
	A1 A1 B2	A1 20030619 A1 20030206 B2 20041123	A1 20030619 US 2002-208018 A1 20030206 US 2002-121857 B2 20041123 US 1998-91631P US 1999-130829P US 1999-345461 US 2002-121857	A1 20030619 US 2002-208018 A1 20030206 US 2002-121857 B2 20041123 US 1998-91631P P US 1999-130829P P US 1999-345461 B1 US 2002-121857 A2	

The invention provides diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DAGAT) proteins, AB wherein said proteins are active in the formation of triacylqlycerol from fatty acyl and diacylglycerol substrates. In one aspect, Mortierella ramanniana DAGAT proteins were isolated and have mol. wts. of between approx. 36 and 37 kDa as measured by SDS-PAGE. The invention also provides novel DAGAT polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences and to methods of producing such polypeptides using recombinant techniques. addn., methods are provided for using such sequences to alter triacylglycerol levels in plants and to treat diseases assocd. with altered DAGAT activity or expression.

ANSWER 9 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:994978 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:91712

TITLE:

Overexpression of Diacylglycerol Acyltransferase-1 Reduces Phospholipid Synthesis, Proliferation, and Invasiveness in Simian Virus 40-transformed Human Lung

Fibroblasts

AUTHOR (S):

Bagnato, Carolina; Igal, R. Ariel

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Facultad de Ciencias Medicas, CONICET-UNLP, Instituto de Investigaciones Bioquimicas de La Plata (INIBIOLP),

Universidad Nacional de La Plata, La Plata, 1900,

Argent.

SOURCE:

Journal of Biological Chemistry (2003),

278 (52), 52203-52211

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER:

American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Diacylglycerol (DAG) is a versatile mol. that participates as substrate in the synthesis of structural and energetic lipids, and acts as the physiol. signal that activates protein kinase C. Diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT), the last committed enzyme in triacylglycerol synthesis, could potentially regulate the content and use of both signaling and glycerolipid substrate DAG by converting it into triacylglycerol. this hypothesis, we stably overexpressed the DGAT1 mouse gene in human lung SV40-transformed fibroblasts (DGAT cells), which contains high levels of DAG. DGAT cells exhibited a 3.9-fold higher DGAT activity and a 3.2-fold increase in triacylglycerol content, whereas DAG and phosphatidylcholine decreased by 70 and 20%, resp., compared with empty vector-transfected SV40 cells (Control cells). Both acylation and de novo synthesis of phosphatidylcholine, phosphatidylethanolamine, and sphingomyelin were reduced by 30-40% in DGAT cells compared with controls, suggesting that DGAT used substrates for triacylglycerol synthesis that had originally been destined to produce phospholipids. The incorporation

of [14C]DAG and [14C]fatty acids released from plasma membrane by addns. of either phospholipase C or phospholipase A2 into triacylglycerol was increased by 6.2- and 2.8-fold, resp., in DGAT cells compared with control cells, indicating that DGAT can attenuate signaling lipids. Finally, DGAT overexpression reversed the neoplastic phenotype because it dramatically reduced the cell growth rate and suppressed the anchorage-independent growth of the SV40 cells. These results strongly support the view that DGAT participates in the regulation of membrane lipid synthesis and lipid signaling, thereby playing an important role in modulating cell growth properties.

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:880139 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:50250

TITLE: Human acyl-CoA:diacylglycerol acyltransferase is a

tetrameric protein

AUTHOR(S): Cheng, Dong; Meegalla, Rupalie L.; He, Bokang;

Cromley, Debra A.; Billheimer, Jeffery T.; Young,

Peter R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Metabolic Diseases, Experimental

Station, DuPont Pharmaceuticals Company, Wilmington,

DE, 19880-0400, USA

SOURCE: Biochemical Journal (2001), 359(3), 707-714

CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021

PUBLISHER: Portland Press Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT) is an integral membrane enzyme that catalyzes the last step of triacylglycerol synthesis from diacylglycerol and acyl-CoA. Here, the authors provide exptl. evidence that DGAT is a Although the predicted mol. wt. of human DGAT protein is 55 kDa, CHAPS-solubilized recombinant human DGAT was eluted in fractions of >150 kDa on gel-filtration chromatog. Crosslinking of recombinant DGAT in membranes with disuccinimidyl suberate yielded bands corresponding to the dimer (108 kDa) and the tetramer (214 kDa) in SDS-PAGE. Finally, when 2 differently epitope-tagged forms of DGAT were co-transfected into mammalian cells, they could be co-immunopptd. From a human adipose tissue cDNA library, the authors cloned a cDNA encoding a novel splice variant of DGAT (designated DGATsv) that contained a 77-nt insert of unspliced intron with an in-frame stop codon. This resulted in a truncated form of DGAT that terminated at Arg-387, deleting 101 residues from the C-terminus contg. the putative active site. DGATsv was enzymically inactive when transfected in HEK-293E cells, but was still able to form dimers and tetramers on crosslinking, indicating that the ability to form tetramers resides in the N-terminal region. When co-expressed in HEK-293E cells, DGATsv did not inhibit the activity of full-length DGAT, suggesting that the subunits of DGAT catalyze triacylglycerol synthesis independently. 21

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 11 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:2191 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200400005234

AUTHOR (S):

TITLE: A novel diacylglycerol acyltransferase (DGAT2) is decreased

in human psoriatic skin and increased in diabetic mice. Wakimoto, Koji [Reprint Author]; Chiba, Hiroaki; Michibata,

Wakimoto, Koji [Reprint Author]; Chiba, Hiroaki; Michibata, Hideo; Seishima, Mariko; Kawasaki, Satoshi; Okubo, Kousaku;

Mitsui, Hiroshi; Torii, Hideshi; Imai, Yuji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Discovery Research Laboratory, Advanced Medical Research

Department, Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd, 3-16-89 Kashima,

Yodogawa-ku, Osaka, 532-8505, Japan

wakimoto@tanabe.co.jp

SOURCE: Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, (

October 17 2003) Vol. 310, No. 2, pp. 296-302.

print.

CODEN: BBRCA9. ISSN: 0006-291X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 17 Dec 2003

Last Updated on STN: 17 Dec 2003

AB Psoriasis is a skin disease with epidermal keratinocyte hyperproliferation and altered differentiation. To identify novel psoriasis-related genes, we investigated differentially expressed genes between normal and psoriatic skin. We identified a novel acyl CoA:diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (DGAT2) gene, which was decreased in human psoriatic skin. DGAT2 mRNA was expressed in sebaceous glands of normal human skin. DGAT2 protein was detected on endoplasmic reticulum. DGAT2 catalyzes the final step in the production of triglycerides and the accumulation of triglycerides in the tissues is considered to be related to insulin resistance. Therefore, we also investigated the expression of the DGAT2 gene in diabetic mice. DGAT2 mRNA was increased in the adipose, small intestine, and skeletal muscle in diabetic mice.

L7 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on

STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:500394 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200500394

TITLE: DGAT1 promoter polymorphism associated with alterations in

body mass index, high density lipoprotein levels and blood

pressure in Turkish women.

AUTHOR(S): Ludwig, E. H. [Reprint author]; Mahley, R. W.; Palaoglu,

E.; Ozbayrakci, S.; Balestra, M. E.; Borecki, I. B.;

Innerarity, T. L.; Farese, R. V., Jr.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Xenon Genetics, 3650 Gilmore Way, Burnaby, BC, V5G 4W8,

Canada

eludwig@xenongenetics.com

SOURCE: Clinical Genetics, (July, 2002) Vol. 62, No. 1,

pp. 68-73. print.

CODEN: CLGNAY. ISSN: 0009-9163.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 25 Sep 2002

Last Updated on STN: 25 Sep 2002

AB Triglyceride synthesis is catalyzed by acyl CoA:diacylglycerol acyltransferases (DGAT), microsomal enzymes that use diacylglycerol and fatty acyl CoAs as substrates. Because DGAT1 expression is upregulated during adipocyte differentiation and DGAT1 deficiency is associated with leanness in mice, we hypothesized that alterations in DGAT1 expression may affect human body weight. We identified five polymorphisms in the human DGAT1 promoter and 5' non-coding sequence in a random Turkish population. Functional analysis of one common variant, C79T, revealed reduced promoter activity for the 79T allele in cultured cell lines. In 476 Turkish women, the 79T allele was associated with lower body mass index (BMI) (p = 0.004), conferring an odds ratio of 2.0 (95% CI = 1.30-3.07, p = 0.0001) for BMI ltoreq 20. Interestingly, after controlling for the influence of BMI, the 79T allele was also associated with higher plasma HDL cholesterol levels (p = 0.0006) and lower diastolic blood pressure (p = 0.019) in these women. No association was found in Turkish men (n = 846). Our findings suggest that genetic variation at the DGAT1 locus may influence BMI and other metabolic parameters associated with cardiovascular risk in selected human populations.

FILE 'MEDLINE, HCAPLUS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:53:50 ON 11 AUG 2006

L1	26 S HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE
L2	19 DUP REM L1 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L3	0 S HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-3
L4	4 S HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-2
L5	8 S HUMAN DIACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-1
L6	12 S L2 AND 1990-2003/PY
L7	12 FOCUS L6 1-

=> log v

=> log y COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	39.07	39.28
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-5.25	-5.25

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 10:57:48 ON 11 AUG 2006

```
FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 11:00:34 ON 11 AUG 2006
```

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:00:34 ON 11 AUG 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:00:34 ON 11 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

FILE 'BIOTECHDS' ENTERED AT 11:00:34 ON 11 AUG 2006 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 11:00:34 ON 11 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 11:00:34 ON 11 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

=> d l1

- L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1991:581986 HCAPLUS Full-text
- DN 115:181986
- TI Modulation of lipid chylomicron-synthesizing enzymes in rats by the dietary (n-6):(n-3) fatty acid ratio
- AU Chautan, Magali; Charbonnier, Monique; Leonardi, Jeannie; Andre, Marc; Lafont, Huguette; Nalbone, Gilles
- CS Inst. Natl. Sante Rech. Med., Marseille, 13009, Fr.
- SO Journal of Nutrition (1991), 121(9), 1305-10 CODEN: JONUAI; ISSN: 0022-3166
- DT Journal
- LA English
- => s monoacylglycerol acyltransferase
- L2 427 MONOACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE

=> dup rem 12

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

L3 175 DUP REM L2 (252 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s human monoacylglycerol acyltransferase

L4 2 HUMAN MONOACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE

=> dup rem 14

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4

L5 2 DUP REM L4 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 15 1-2 ibib ab

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:289274 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:316224

TITLE:

cDNA and protein sequences of animal monoacylglycerol

acyltransferases and the use of the enzyme for screening inhibitors for repression of fat

accumulation

INVENTOR(S): Hiramine, Yasushi; Takasuga, Shunsuke; Murakami,

Hiroko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 88 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
JP 2004105165	A2	20040408	JP 2003-71639		20030317
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-80623	Α	20020322
			JP 2002-213645	A	20020723

AB This invention provides cDNA and protein sequences of monoacylglycerol acyltransferases from mouse, rat and human. An inhibitor of the enzyme, N-[2-(4-benzyl-2-ethylphenoxy)ethyl]-5,6-dimethyl[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-7-amine, repressed the fat accumulation in animal fat tissues. The invention also provided tissue distribution of monoacylglycerol acyltransferases gene. The enzymes provided in this invention can be used for screening drugs for obesity.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 2 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2006 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-15404 BIOTECHDS Full-text

TITLE: New mammalian monoacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 polypeptide,

useful for treating cardiovascular disease, hyperlipidemia,

obesity, diabetes, cancer, neurological disorders and

immunological disorders;

recombinant enzyme protein production and antibody for use

in gene therapy

AUTHOR: CASES S; STONE S J; ZHOU P; FARESE R V; YEN C E

PATENT ASSIGNEE: GLADSTONE INST J DAVID
PATENT INFO: WO 2004042014 21 May 2004
APPLICATION INFO: WO 2003-US34598 29 Oct 2003

PRIORITY INFO: US 2002-286581 31 Oct 2002; US 2002-286581 31 Oct 2002

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2004-400668 [37]

AB DERWENT ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - A mammalian monoacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (MGAT2) polypeptide (I) present in other than its naturally occurring environment, is new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following: (1) a mammalian polynucleotide (II) present in other than its natural environment encoding a polypeptide that exhibits monoacyl glycerol and/or diacyl glycerol transferase activity, and comprising a nucleotide sequence that has at least 50% identity to a sequence of 1728, 1005 and 1778 nucleotides fully defined in the specification; (2) an expression cassette (III) comprising a transcriptional initiation region functional in an expression host, (II) under the transcriptional regulation of the transcriptional initiation region, and transcriptional termination region functional in the expression host; (3) a cell (IV) comprising (III) as a part of an extrachromosomal element or integrated into the genome of a host cell as a result of introducing (III) into the host cell; (4) cellular progeny (V) of (IV); (5) preparing (I); (6) monoclonal antibody (VI) binding specifically to (I); (7) inhibiting (M1) the activity of (I), involves contacting (I) with an agent that inhibits acyl transferase activity of the protein; and(8) identifying an agent that inhibits an acyltransferase activity of MAGT2 polypeptide,

involves contacting MGAT2 polypeptide with a test agent in the presence of magnesium ions, fatty acyl CoA and acyl acceptor, and determining the effect of the test agent on the production of acylated acceptor. BIOTECHNOLOGY -Preparation: Preparation of (I) involves growing (IV), where the polypeptide is expressed and isolating (I) substantially free of other proteins (claimed). Preferred Polypeptide: (I) has an amino acid sequence that is substantially the same or identical to a sequence of 334 or 284 amino acids fully defined in the specification. (I) is substantially pure. Preferred Polynucleotide: (II) encodes (I). Preferred Antibody: (VI) inhibits MGAT activity of MGAT2 polypeptide. (VI) is a humanized antibody. Preferred Method: In (M1), the agent is a small molecule, antibody (monoclonal antibody). ACTIVITY - Cardiovascular-Gen.; Anorectic; Antilipemic; Antidiabetic; Cytostatic; Neuroprotective. No supporting data is given. MECHANISM OF ACTION - Modulator of DGAT2alpha, MGAT1 or MGAT2 activity. USE - (I) is useful for producing in vitro models of diglyceride and/or triglyceride synthesis, and for producing triglyceride compositions which find use in foodstuffs, spreads, cooking materials, feedstocks and in industries for producing chemicals, lubricants and surfactants. (I) and (VI) are useful for treating disease conditions associated with acylglycerol metabolism, particularly associated with diacylglycerol O-acyltransferase 2alpha (DGAT2alpha), MGAT1 or MGAT2 activity. The disease conditions include cardiovascular disease, hyperlipidemia, obesity, diabetes, cancer, neurological disorders and immunological disorders. (II) is useful in gene therapy to treat disorders associated with DGAT2alpha, MGAT1 or MGAT2 defects, as probes and primers in hybridization applications (e.g., PCR), for identifying expression patterns in biological specimens, for preparing cell or animal models for DGAT2alpha, MGAT1 or MGAT2 function, for preparing in vitro models for (DGAT2alpha), MGAT1 or MGAT2 function, to generate transgenic host.

ADMINISTRATION - Administration of (I) or the agents is orally, rectally, parenterally, intradermally, transdermally or intraperitoneally. No dosage given. EXAMPLE - Human monoacylglycerol acyltransferase 2 (MGAT2) and mouse MGAT2 sequences were deduced from genomic sequences of sequencing databases. The cDNA sequence of short form of human MGAT2 (hMGAT2(trunc), accession no.NM025098) was identified by BLAST database searches. Primers were designed to amplify the coding sequence of human MGAT2, human MGAT2(trunc) and mouse MGAT2 from human intestine and stomach cDNA, and mouse intestinal cDNA by PCR. The human MGAT2 cDNA sequence had a sequence of 1005 nucleotides fully defined in the specification, and the mouse MGAT2 cDNA sequence had a sequence of 1728 nucleotides fully defined in the specification, and the corresponding amino acid sequence for human MGAT2 and mouse MGAT2 is 334 amino acids fully defined in the specification. (98 pages)

=> d 110 1-5 ibib ab

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004617118 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15329358

TITLE: Molecular analysis of three gain-of-function CHO mutants

that add the bisecting GlcNAc to N-glycans.

AUTHOR: Stanley Pamela; Sundaram Subha; Tang Jian; Shi Shaolin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein.

stanley@aecom.yu.edu

CONTRACT NUMBER: P01 13330

SOURCE: Glycobiology, (2005 Jan) Vol. 15, No. 1, pp. 43-53.

Electronic Publication: 2004-08-25.
Journal code: 9104124. ISSN: 0959-6658.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AY598727; GENBANK-AY598728; GENBANK-AY598729;

GENBANK-AY598730

ENTRY MONTH: 200505

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20 Dec 2004

Last Updated on STN: 17 May 2005 Entered Medline: 16 May 2005

AB LEC10 Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells are gain-of-function mutants that express N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase III (GlcNAc-TIII), the glycosyltransferase that adds the bisecting GlcNAc to complex N-qlycans. LEC10 cells are useful for glycosylation engineering of recombinant glycoproteins, including antibody therapeutics, for defining lectin recognition specificities and for determining biological functions of the bisecting GlcNAc. We show that three CHO mutants, LEC10, LEC10A, and LEC10B, arose due to transcriptional activation of the quiescent CHO Mgat3 gene. They each express Mgat3 gene transcripts of approximately 4.7 kb at different levels (LEC10B > LEC10 > LEC10A). Southern analyses gave a single band in LEC10, LEC10A, and parent CHO DNA with four restriction enzymes but an additional band with three of them in LEC10B genomic DNA, indicative of a duplication event in LEC10B. The deduced amino acid sequence of the Mgat3 gene expressed in each CHO mutant and in parent CHO genomic DNA is identical. However, 5' UTR sequences differ with LEC10 and LEC10B containing a 5' UTR segment of the Atf4 gene downstream of the Mgat3 gene in human and mouse. Somatic cell hybrid analysis indicated that the LEC10B Mgat3 gene was induced by a cis mechanism. LEC10B qlycoproteins bound more erythroagglutinin lectin (E-PHA) than LEC10 glycoproteins and MALDI-TOF MS revealed a broad spectrum of complex, bisected N-glycans expressed by the LEC10B mutant. LEC10B is therefore the cell line of choice for producing recombinant glycoproteins carrying bisected N-glycans and for investigating biological functions of the bisecting GlcNAc.

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 5 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003173829 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12618427

TITLE: Identification of acyl coenzyme A:monoacylglycerol

acyltransferase 3, an intestinal specific enzyme implicated

in dietary fat absorption.

AUTHOR: Cheng Dong; Nelson Thomas C; Chen Jian; Walker Stephen G:

Wardwell-Swanson Judith; Meegalla Rupalie; Taub Rebecca;

Billheimer Jeffrey T; Ramaker Michael; Feder John N

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Research Institute, Bristol-Myers Squibb

Company, Princeton, New Jersey 08543, USA.

SOURCE: The Journal of biological chemistry, (2003 Apr 18) Vol.

278, No. 16, pp. 13611-4. Electronic Publication:

2003-03-03.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AY229854

ENTRY MONTH: 200305

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Apr 2003

Last Updated on STN: 23 May 2003 Entered Medline: 22 May 2003

AB Acyl coenzyme A:monoacylglycerol acyltransferase (MGAT) catalyzes the synthesis of diacylglycerol using 2-monoacylglycerol and fatty acyl coenzyme A. This enzymatic reaction is believed to be an essential and rate-limiting step for the absorption of fat in the small intestine. Although the first MGAT-encoding cDNA, designated MGAT1, has been recently isolated, it is not expressed in the small intestine and hence cannot account for the high intestinal MGAT enzyme activity that is important for the physiology of fat absorption. In the current study, we report the identification of a novel MGAT, designated MGAT3, and present evidence that it fulfills the criteria to be the elusive intestinal MGAT. MGAT3 encodes a approximately 36-kDa transmembrane protein that is highly homologous to MGAT1 and -2. expression of MGAT3 is restricted to gastrointestinal tract with the highest level found in the ileum. At the cellular level, recombinant MGAT3 is localized to the endoplasmic reticulum. Recombinant MGAT3 enzyme activity produced in insect Sf9 cells selectively acylates 2-monoacylglycerol with higher efficiency than other stereoisomers. The molecular identification of MGAT3 will facilitate the evaluation of using intestinal MGAT as a potential point of intervention for antiobesity therapies.

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 5 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96069598 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 7590346

TITLE: Cloning and chromosomal mapping of the mouse Mgat3

gene encoding N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase III.

AUTHOR: Bhaumik M; Seldin M F; Stanley P

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College of

Medicine, New York, NY 10461, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: HG 00734 (NHGRI)

P01 13330 R37 30645

SOURCE: Gene, (1995 Oct 27) Vol. 164, No. 2, pp. 295-300.

Journal code: 7706761. ISSN: 0378-1119.

Journal Code: //00/61. ISSN:

PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-L39373

ENTRY MONTH: 199512

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 24 Jan 1996

Last Updated on STN: 6 Feb 1998 Entered Medline: 26 Dec 1995

AB Complex and hybrid N-linked carbohydrates synthesized by mammalian cells may possess a N-acetylglucosamine residue known as the bisecting GlcNAc. The transfer of this residue is catalyzed by the enzyme UDP-N-acetylglucosamine:beta-D-mannoside beta 1,4-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase

III (GlcNAc-TIII; EC 2.4.1.144). To begin to investigate biological functions for carbohydrates with a bisected GlcNAc residue, we have cloned and partially characterized the mouse gene (Mgat3) encoding GlcNAc-TIII. A rat GlcNAc-TIII-encoding cDNA was used to isolate clones from a mouse strain 129 Sv liver genomic DNA library. An NsiI genomic DNA fragment containing an ORF with 96% identity to rat GlcNAc-TIII was subcloned into a mammalian expression vector and transfected into Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells. The transfectants expressed GlcNAc-TIII activity only when the ORF was in the sense orientation. Southern analysis showed that Mgat3 is present in a single copy in the mouse genome. Mapping by restriction-fragment length polymorphism analysis of backcross progeny located Mgat3 to mouse chromosome 15, at a position homologous with region 22q12.3-q13.1 in the human genome. Northern analyses of adult tissues showed that Mgat3 is expressed at high levels in kidney and brain, and at lower levels in many other tissues.

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1314312 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:68264

TITLE: Minimal common regions in chromosomes showing changes

in copy number in cancers and their use in the

diagnosis, prevention, and treatment

INVENTOR(S): Chin, Lynda

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 152 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	ENT 1	NO.			KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE				
						-											
WO 2	2005	1188	69		A2		2005	1215	1	WO 2	005-1	US18	850		20	0050	527
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,
		LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,
		NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,
		SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ΥU,
		ZA,	ZM,	ZW													
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,
		RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,
		MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG											
PRIORITY	ORITY APPLN. INFO.:								Ţ	JS 20	004-	5757	95P]	2 (040	528

US 2004-580337P P 20040615

AB Small chromosomal regions, minimal common regions (MCRs) that show a change in copy number in neoplastic tissue are identified for use in the early diagnosis of cancer and as markers in the prevention and treatment of the disease.

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1069970 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:368432

TITLE: Molecular analysis of three gain-of-function CHO

mutants that add the bisecting GlcNAc to N-glycans

AUTHOR(S): Stanley, Pamela; Sundaram, Subha; Tang, Jian; Shi,

Shaolin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College of

Medicine, New York, NY, 10461, USA

SOURCE: Glycobiology (2004), Volume Date 2005, 15(1), 43-53

CODEN: GLYCE3; ISSN: 0959-6658

PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

LEC10 Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells are gain-of-function mutants that AB express N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase III (GlcNAc-TIII), the glycosyltransferase that adds the bisecting GlcNAc to complex N-glycans. LEC10 cells are useful for glycosylation engineering of recombinant glycoproteins, including antibody therapeutics, for defining lectin recognition specificities and for determining biol. functions of the bisecting GlcNAc. We show that three CHO mutants, LEC10, LEC10A, and LEC10B, arose due to transcriptional activation of the quiescent CHO Mgat3 gene. They each express Mgat3 gene transcripts of .apprx.4.7 kb at different levels (LEC10B > LEC10 > LEC10A). Southern analyses gave a single band in LEC10, LEC10A, and parent CHO DNA with four restriction enzymes but an addnl. band with three of them in LEC10B genomic DNA, indicative of a duplication event in LEC10B. The deduced amino acid sequence of the Mgat3 gene expressed in each CHO mutant and in parent CHO genomic DNA is identical. However, 5' UTR sequences differ with LEC10 and LEC10B containing a 5' UTR segment of the Atf4 gene downstream of the Mgat3 gene in human and mouse. Somatic cell hybrid anal. indicated that the LEC10B Mgat3 gene was induced by a cis mechanism. LEC10B glycoproteins bound more erythroagglutinin lectin (E-PHA) than LEC10 glycoproteins and MALDI-TOF MS revealed a broad spectrum of complex, bisected N-glycans expressed by the LEC10B mutant. LEC10B is therefore the cell line of choice for producing recombinant glycoproteins carrying bisected N-glycans and for investigating biol. functions of the bisecting GlcNAc.

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> log y		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	30.64	30.85
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-2.25	-2.25

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 11:07:07 ON 11 AUG 2006

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:14:02 ON 11 AUG 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 11:14:02 ON 11 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:14:02 ON 11 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

=> s Acyl Coenzyme A:Monoacylglycerol Acyltransferase-3
L1 5 ACYL COENZYME A:MONOACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-3

=> dup rem 11

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

L2 2 DUP REM L1 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 12 1-2 ibib ab

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:634033 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:169982

TITLE: Polynucleotide encoding human acyl-

coenzyme A:monoacylglycerol

acyltransferase-3 and its diagnostic

and therapeutic uses with regard to disorders in

dietary fat absorption

INVENTOR(S): Feder, John N.; Nelson, Thomas C.; Chen, Jian;

Meegalla, Rupalie; Ramaker, Michael; Cheng, Dong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 181 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent :	NO.			KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
						_									-	- -		
WO	2004	0655	51		A2		2004	0805	1	WO 2	004-	US14:	31		2	0040	121	
WO	2004	0655	51		A3		2005	0203										
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI	
AU	2004	2062	50		A1		2004	0805	7	AU 2	004-	2062	50		20	0040	121	
US	2004	2239	59		A1		2004	1111	US 2004-761905						20040121			
EP	1585	815			A2		2005	1019]	EP 2	004-	7040	09		20	0040	121	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK		
PRIORITY	APP:	LN.	INFO	.:					τ	JS 2	003-4	4415	67P	1	P 20	0030	121	
									1	NO 2	004-1	JS14:	31	Ţ	v 20	04,0	121	

The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding acyl-CoA:monoacylglycerol acyltransferase-3 (MGAT3, EC 2.3.1.22) polypeptides, fragments and homolog thereof, identified using bioinformatic methods and cloned using mol. techniques. Also provided are vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing said polypeptides. MGAT3 fulfills the criteria as the MGAT that is responsible for the absorption of dietary fat. The expression profile of human MGAT3 is

highly restricted to the gastrointestinal tract, and steady state levels are significantly lower in ileum RNA from Crohn's disease than that isolated from normal tissues. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods for applying these novel MGAT3 polypeptides to the diagnosis, treatment, and/or prevention of various diseases and/or disorders related to these polypeptides, such as obesity. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention.

L2ANSWER 2 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003173829 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12618427

TITLE: Identification of acyl coenzyme

A:monoacylglycerol acyltransferase 3, an intestinal specific

enzyme implicated in dietary fat absorption. AUTHOR: Cheng Dong; Nelson Thomas C; Chen Jian; Walker Stephen G;

Wardwell-Swanson Judith; Meegalla Rupalie; Taub Rebecca;

Billheimer Jeffrey T; Ramaker Michael; Feder John N

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Research Institute, Bristol-Myers Squibb

Company, Princeton, New Jersey 08543, USA. SOURCE: The Journal of biological chemistry, (2003 Apr 18) Vol.

278, No. 16, pp. 13611-4. Electronic Publication:

2003-03-03.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AY229854

ENTRY MONTH: 200305

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Apr 2003

> Last Updated on STN: 23 May 2003 Entered Medline: 22 May 2003

Acyl coenzyme A:monoacylglycerol acyltransferase (MGAT) catalyzes the AB synthesis of diacylglycerol using 2-monoacylglycerol and fatty acyl coenzyme This enzymatic reaction is believed to be an essential and rate-limiting step for the absorption of fat in the small intestine. Although the first MGAT-encoding cDNA, designated MGAT1, has been recently isolated, it is not expressed in the small intestine and hence cannot account for the high intestinal MGAT enzyme activity that is important for the physiology of fat absorption. In the current study, we report the identification of a novel MGAT, designated MGAT3, and present evidence that it fulfills the criteria to be the elusive intestinal MGAT. MGAT3 encodes a approximately 36-kDa transmembrane protein that is highly homologous to MGAT1 and -2. expression of MGAT3 is restricted to gastrointestinal tract with the highest level found in the ileum. At the cellular level, recombinant MGAT3 is localized to the endoplasmic reticulum. Recombinant MGAT3 enzyme activity produced in insect Sf9 cells selectively acylates 2-monoacylglycerol with higher efficiency than other stereoisomers. The molecular identification of MGAT3 will facilitate the evaluation of using intestinal MGAT as a potential point of intervention for antiobesity therapies.

FILE 'MEDLINE, HCAPLUS, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:14:02 ON 11 AUG 2006 5 S ACYL COENZYME A:MONOACYLGLYCEROL ACYLTRANSFERASE-3 2 DUP REM L1 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L1 L2